

EAS Acousto-Magnetic Antenna

User's Manual



ZHEJIANG DAHUA VISION TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

V1.0.0



Foreword

General

This manual introduces the functions and operations of the EAS Acousto-Magnetic Antenna (hereinafter referred to as "the Device").

Models

DHI-ISC-EAA6000-P DHI-ISC-EAA6000-R DHI-ISC-EAE0000-110 DHI-ISC-EAE0000-220

Safety Instructions

The following signal words might appear in the manual.

Signal Words	Meaning
	Indicates a high potential hazard which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a medium or low potential hazard which, if not avoided, could result in slight or moderate injury.
	Indicates a potential risk which, if not avoided, could result in property damage, data loss, reductions in performance, or unpredictable results.
© <u>—</u> ™ TIPS	Provides methods to help you solve a problem or save time.
	Provides additional information as a supplement to the text.

Revision History

Version	Revision Content	Release Time
V1.0.0	First release.	July 2021

Privacy Protection Notice

As the device user or data controller, you might collect the personal data of others such as their face, fingerprints, and car plate number. You need to be in compliance with your local privacy protection laws and regulations to protect the legitimate rights and interests of other people by implementing

П



measures which include but are not limited: Providing clear and visible identification to inform people of the existence of the surveillance area and provide required contact information.

About the Manual

- The manual is for reference only. Slight differences might be found between the manual and the product.
- We are not liable for losses incurred due to operating the product in ways that are not in compliance with the manual.
- The manual will be updated according to the latest laws and regulations of related jurisdictions. For detailed information, see the paper user's manual, use our CD-ROM, scan the QR code or visit our official website. The manual is for reference only. Slight differences might be found between the electronic version and the paper version.
- All designs and software are subject to change without prior written notice. Product updates might result in some differences appearing between the actual product and the manual. Please contact customer service for the latest program and supplementary documentation.
- There might be errors in the print or deviations in the description of the functions, operations and technical data. If there is any doubt or dispute, we reserve the right of final explanation.
- Upgrade the reader software or try other mainstream reader software if the manual (in PDF format) cannot be opened.
- All trademarks, registered trademarks and company names in the manual are properties of their respective owners.
- Please visit our website, contact the supplier or customer service if any problems occur while using the device.
- If there is any uncertainty or controversy, we reserve the right of final explanation.



Important Safeguards and Warnings

This section introduces the proper way of using the device, danger and property damage preventions. Before using the device, read this manual carefully. Follow the instructions and keep this manual properly for future reference.

Operating Requirements

- Transport, use and store the device under allowed humidity and temperature conditions.
- Prevent liquids from splashing or dripping on the device. Make sure that there are no objects filled with liquid on top of the device to avoid liquids flowing into it.
- Install the device in a well-ventilated place, and do not block the vents of the device.
- Do not press hard, vibrate violently, or soak the device.
- Use factory package or same-quality material for packaging when transporting the device.
- It is recommended to use this device with a surge protection device(SPD) to improve the lightning protection effect.
- It is recommended to ground the earthing hole of the device to improve device reliability.
- It is recommended to install the device 2 meters away from the escalator to improve device reliability.

Power Requirements

- Only use the wire assembly (power cable) recommended in this area and use it within its rated specifications.
- Only use the standard power adapter of the device, otherwise the user will be responsible for personnel injury or device damage.
- Use a power supply that meets the requirements of SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) and supply power in accordance with the rated voltage of (IEC60065) or (IEC60950-1 compliant with Limited Power Source). The specific power supply requirements are subject to the device label.
- Connect the device to the grid power output socket with protective ground connection.
- Strictly grounded and powered independently.



Contents

ForewordII
Important Safeguards and WarningsIV
1 Overview
1.1 Introduction
1.2 Features and Advantages1
2 Appearance2
3 Installation and Configuration
3.1 Cautions
3.2 Packing List
3.3 Installation and Configuration
3.3.1 Preparations before You Begin4
3.3.2 Description of Primary Antenna TX Board Ports and Manual Configuration of Hardware
3.3.3 Description of RX Board Ports and Manual Configuration of Hardware
3.4 Software debugging11
3.4.1 Software Installation11
3.4.2 Interface Parameter Description12
Appendix 1 Cybersecurity Recommendations



1 Overview

1.1 Introduction

The development of information recognition technology has greatly improved the intelligence of commercial retail stores, helping to reduce labor costs and enhance economies of scale. The development and production of EAS technology have effectively improved logistics management and reduced the loss of merchandise.

This operation/configuration manual describes how to assemble, configure and maintain the EAS antenna system.

1.2 Features and Advantages

Self-diagnosis function

Automatic diagnosis after power-on, effective identification system, and avoiding more than 95% of external interference sources.

- Reading distance
 The maximum detection distance of labels is 800 mm–900 mm, and the maximum detection
 distance of tags is 900 mm–1400 mm.
- Invention patent: Digital receiving technology
 High stability without temperature drift, which is the core concept of DSP technology.

High integration

Small size, short cable, excellent ability for anti high-frequency interference.

• Integrated transceiver mode

The primary and replica antenna are both integrated transceivers, and the detection effects of the primary and replica antenna are the same.

• Wide applicability

High detection rate, low false alarm rate; fully compatible with all AM labels and tags.



2 Appearance

EAS Acousto-Magnetic Antenna is an advanced as well as software-driven Electronic Article Surveillance for shopping malls and supermarkets. It can overcome the influence of the environment and detect 58 KHz labels and tags. It has strong stability and high detection distance. The Acousto-Magnetic system includes a primary antenna with two replica antennas, no other controllers are needed, which makes installation in large supermarkets or multi-export venues very convenient. Consequently, Acousto-Magnetic system is regarded as the best choice by various stores and supermarkets.





Figure 2-2 Dimensions (Unit: mm [inch])





3 Installation and Configuration

3.1 Cautions

- Only use for indoors, it is recommended to shut down the device during non-business hours.
- Do not cover the device and keep it ventilated.
- Pay attention to sun protection, waterproof and moisture-proof.
- Only be installed by professionals and strictly enforce safety regulations.
- Strictly grounded and powered independently.
- Operating temperature: –5 °C to 50 °C

3.2 Packing List

Packing list	Image	Packing Box
Primary antenna		
Replica antenna		
Connection cable		
AC110 Power supply OR AC220 Power supply		

Table 3-1 Packing list



3.3 Installation and Configuration

3.3.1 Preparations before You Begin

Name	Image	Name	Image
Phillips and slotted screwdrivers	<u>-4-7/376</u>	M10×100 expansion screw × 4	ST.
Marker × 1	and the second sec	Open-end wrenches	Solo a
Cutting Machine × 1		Hammer × 1	
Fine sand	A Contraction	Scuff-plate	
Power drill × 1		Configuration cable × 1	

Table 3-2 Tool requirements

- Site survey: Equipment installation must be at least 2 meters away from large electrical appliances, escalators, metal panels, etc.
- After determining the installation location, use a marker to draw lines, punch holes, and cut grooves. Then clean up the site.







• Install and fix the equipment: Put fine sand in the cutting groove to protect the cables and fill the gaps. Next install the scuff-plate on the floor. Then fix the equipment.





• The equipment installation is complete.





3.3.2 Description of Primary Antenna TX Board Ports and Manual Configuration of Hardware



Figure 3-1 TX board ports

Table 3-3 Description of TX boa	ard ports and manua	l configuration of hardware
Tuble 5 5 Description of 17 bot	and points and manua	i configuration of flataware

Port Function		Settings	
	By default,		
	CH1 is for connecting RX board	Use 9 Pin cable to connect, remember that	
CH1/CH2/CH3	of primary antenna;	cold plug, electrical hot plug will cause	
	CH2 and CH3 is for connecting	damage to the TX board.	
	replica antenna as needed.		
		Use the 5 Pin power cord to connect,	
Power Port	1 power input port.	remember that cold plug, electrical hot	
		plug will cause damage to the TX board.	
LISP Dort	1 USB port for software	Use the dedicated blue configuration	
USBFOIL	configuration.	cable to connect.	
CCTV Port 1 Port per antenna.		Optional, not required.	
	Corresponding to the channel		
1201/1201/1401	signals of CH1, CH2, and CH3,	It is recommended to be used under the	
J201/J301/J401	which is for strengthening the	guidance of technicians.	
	function of noise reduction.		



Port	Function	Settings	
RESET	1 Physical button for system reset.	 When the fault indicator is red, you can reset the system by the following steps. 1. Take out a spare jumper and install it on J108-3&4. 2. Press the reset button once and wait for 10 seconds. 3. Remove the jumper cap. 4. Press the RESET button again. 5. After the system resets successfully, there will be an alarm sound. 	
J107			
• 1&2=L	System alarm threshold		
Low	From top to bottom:	Quick setting of system alarm threshold	
	Low, Medium, High	The alarm threshold of each channel can	
5 6	• Jumper in L:	be individually set by software. When a	
• 3&4=M	low alarm threshold	false alarm occurs in the system, on-site	
Medium	high sensitivity	people can solve problems by software	
12	long detection distance	with the remote guidance of maintenan	
••	• Jumper in M:	personnel, which greatly reduces the	
3.6	a balanced setting	amount of maintenance on site.	
● 5&6=H	• Jumper in H:	When making settings through the	
High	high alarm threshold	software on site, all connections of	
(1)	low sensitivity	threshold must be disabled.	
34	short detection distance		
$\bullet \bullet$			



Port	Function	Settings
Port J108 1&2= Transmission off 3 + 4 Factory reset 1 + 2 5 + 6 5 + 6 Channel locking display 1 + 2 3 + 4 5 + 6 5 + 6 5 + 6 5 + 6 5 + 6 5 + 6 1 + 2 3 + 4 1 + 2 1 + 2 3 + 4 1 + 2 1 + 2 3 + 4 1 + 2 1 + 2 3 + 4 1 + 2 1 + 2 3 + 4 1 + 2 1 + 2	FunctionJ108-1&2:Turn off the transmissionof the entire system.You can choose to turn offthe transmission of thesystem when the system issynchronizing with theambient equipment.J108-3&4:Used in conjunction withthe system reset button.J108-5&6:The signal indicator willlocking display the signalstrength of the currentchannel (current channelmeans the channeldisplayed by the currentchannel indicator), and	
	will no longer cycle.	



Port	Function	Settings
	The interpretation of the	channel indicator is as follows:
	Working mode:	
	\diamond	
	The first one fro	m the left in the first row is a working indicator.
	If the indicator	flashes slowly, the program is under normal working
	conditions.	
	If the indicator	does not flash, the program is not running.
1234	The two rightm	host lights in the first row are the channel indicator
	lights (light 3 ar	ia light 4).
0000	the signal strong	working conditions, the system alternately displays
8765	cianal strength	of the surrent shapped
• 1-Working	The rightmost l	ight is on for channel 1
	The right host i	t from the right is on for channel 2
 2=Failure 	Both lights are	on for channel 3
 3=Channel 2 		Sinor channers.
 4=Channel 1 	The three right	most lights in the second row are the indicator lights
• 5-8=	for channel noi	se and environmental interference signals (light 6 to
signal	light 8).	5 . 5
interference	If 1 to 2 lights a	re on, it means normal.
intensity	If 3 or more lig	hts are on, it means large interference. In this case,
(from left to	shortening the	installation distance and adjusting the sensitivity of
right means	the machine sh	ould be considered.
the	 Under abnormal cor 	ditions:
interference	\diamond	
intensity	The second inc	licator light from the left in the first row is a fault
increases)	indicator.	
	If this light is or	, it means that the TX board is running faulty.
	\diamond	
	When the 4 lig	hts in the second row are all on, it means that the
	interference is	too large or the channel signal is too weak (when
	the lights flicke	r more than 3 times), and the system is not working
	properiy.	site environment and phase supervised is the stand
	in this case, on-	site environment and phase synchronization should
	De checked.	



3.3.3 Description of RX Board Ports and Manual Configuration of

Hardware



Figure 3-2 RX board ports

Table 3-4 RX board ports and manual configuration of hardware

Port	Description	
	Use 9 Pin cable to connect to CH1/CH2/CH3 of the TX board of	
J1	primary antenna, remember that cold plug, electrical hot plug will	
	cause damage to the TX board.	
	Set the sensitivity of antenna receiving.	
	From top to bottom:	
110	Low, Medium, High	
18.2-1 Low	It can be adjusted according to ambient conditions on site, and the	
• 102=LLUW	factory default setting is M .	
	When there is a lot of interference on site, try to place the jumper in	
• Sao-mingh	a low gear(L) to reduce the antenna's ability to sense interference,	
	improve the antenna's ability to detect, and reduce the false alarm	
	rate.	
RX	1 receiving coil for connecting the antenna.	
LIGHT	1 alarm indicator for connecting the antenna.	
BEEP	1 Buzzer port.	
	1 potentiometer for adjusting alarm volume.	
R166	Use a Philips screwdriver, turn clockwise to increase the volume,	
	and turn counterclockwise to decrease the volume.	
J7	1 port for power indicator.	



JUMPER

Spare jumper.

3.4 Software debugging

3.4.1 Software Installation

<u>Step 1</u> Install and debug software applications with software compression package

🛎 EAS Setup.exe

- <u>Step 2</u> Install and debug the module driver with driver compression package CH341SER.EXE.
- <u>Step 3</u> Check whether the installation of step1&2 is successful.

Right-click on the computer desktop and select **My Computer> Device Manager> Port**.

<u>Step 4</u> Use blue configuration cable to connect TX board and computer.

Ш

Port B is for connecting TX board, Port A is for connecting computer.



Figure 3-3 Configuration cable

Step 5 After finishing the connection of TX board and computer, COM interface will appear at

software of computer COM COM1

- Open Close

Select **Serial port**, and then click **Open**. All the default parameters of the system will appear if you click **Query**.

<u>Step 6</u> Click **Close** when finishing all the configuration.



3.4.2 Interface Parameter Description

3.4.2.1 Interface Parameter

Figure	3-4	Software	parameter
-			

	Open Close					
ameter Sync Record	Random Mode					
	Time 2000-01-01 00:00:00	Set	Ver No 02070	omnile time 2020-06-16 10	00:00	1
	System Parameter					
	Phase 0	Frequency 58K V	Tx Mode Mode 1		H v	1
		contraction (Sec.	And an			1
	Rx Delay 0	Slope Rising 🗸 🗸	Jammer Detc OFF	 Tag Nearby Detc 	OFF v	
			Set			
	Channel Parameter					
	CH1		CH2		CH3	
	Threshold 0 🗸	Threshold	0 ~	Threshold	0 ~	
	TX ON Y	тх	ON Y	тх	ON Y	
	in on		Sit -			Clear
	RX ON Y	RX	ON ~	RX	ON V	
	Set		Set		Set	Query
						CONTRACT IN CONTRACT

Parameter	Default Parameter	Parameter Range	Description
Phase		0–119	Set the phase.
Frequency	58 K	57.8 K/58 K/58.2 K/58.4 K/58.6 K	Change accordingly to the label's frequency.
Tx Mode	Mode1	Mode1/Mode2/Mode 3/Mode4/Mode5	Change accordingly to the ambient environment, mode 1 to mode 3 is available now.
Tx Power	High	High/Medium/Low	No need to set up.
Rx Delay		0–100	No need to set up.
Slope	Rising	Rising/Falling	If there is always jitter between the external phase and system phase when the system is synchronized, try to change the slope. By default, the left is Null line, the right is Fire line.

Table 3-5 Interface parameter description



Parameter	Default Parameter	Parameter Range	Description		
			Detect whether there is Jammer Detc around		
		ON/OFF	the antenna that maliciously interfere with		
			the antenna's normal work.		
lammor			When a malicious signal is detected, the		
Dote	OFF		antenna indicator will "flash 4		
Detc			times—pause—flash 4 times—pause".		
			To ensure the good use of the antenna, it is		
			necessary to eliminate the source of		
			interference.		
			Detect whether there are 58KHz labels or tags		
			around the antenna that affects the antenna's		
			normal work.		
Tar			The antenna indicator will "flash 2		
Tag Noorbu			times—pause—flash 2 times—pause", which		
Nearby Detc	OFF	OFF/S/M/L	prompts clerks to check.		
			There are three choices for selecting: small		
			label, medium label and large label. Choose		
			the corresponding label according to the		
			label used by the store.		
			The higher the value, the higher the alarm		
			threshold. When the antenna is prone to		
			intermittent false alarms, choose to increase		
Threshold		0–5	the threshold (When setting the threshold in		
			the software, make sure that J107 and TX		
			board are disconnected, otherwise the setting		
			of J107 will affect the software settings).		
TX	ON	ON/OFF	Transmission function on or off.		
RX	ON	ON/OFF	Receiving function on or off.		
Cat			Click this button after changing the		
Set			parameters.		
Clear			Clear the setting.		
0			Query the current (parameters need to click		
Query			this button after opening the serial port).		
Save			Save the set parameters to the TX board.		

3.4.2.2 Sync Interface Parameters

The system synchronization bar graphically displays the ambient environment and the signal of antenna, which is convenient for the installer to set the single board phase and eliminate interference. There are four components: Environment, Surrounding Phase, Channel Signal, and Debug phase. Environment and surrounding phase display the data calculated by the selected channel. For clear positioning, select a channel with a clean signal for calculation and debugging.



Figure 3-5 Sync interface



Table 3-6 Description of sync interface parameters

Parameter	Description		
Environment			
System Phase	The red square indicates the situation of signal transmission.		
	The black square indicates the surrounding signal. It's convenient		
Surrounding Signal	to use the mouse to calculate the phase differences between		
	antenna system and peripherals.		
Channel Signal			
Noise	Noise of surroundings		
Signal	Interference strength of the signal in the surroundings		
	Click Refresh and the antenna will automatically collect		
Surrounding Phase	environmental data and upload the calculated phase value.		
	Use the mouse to change the phase value so that the upper right		
Debug Phase	corner of the red square and that of black square are on the same		
	line.		
Function Key			
СН	Select the channel to be debugged.		
	Select the corresponding phase channel and click Refresh . The		
	antenna will collect the ambient data and upload it to the system		
	for synchronization. To facilitate system synchronization, select the		
Refresh	channel with the best signal for configuration. If signal interference		
	of the channel is very large, choose one of the antennas to reduce		
	the sensitivity of the hardware (J10) on the RX board, and restore it		
	to the initial state after the synchronization is over.		
AC Freq AC	Select 50 Hz or 60 Hz according to the local power supply voltage		



Parameter	Description
Display	Click Display , and the antenna will automatically upload the
Display	channel signal and background noise.
Stop	Click Stop after debugging. The obtained phase will be transmitted
Stop	to the system through the parameter setting interface and saved.
	Switch Left and Right in the debug phase. The software will shift
Left-Right	the phase of a scale to the left or right and send it to the antenna.
	The antenna will be adjusted automatically after clicking Set .
Cot	If using the mouse to change the phase to a new range, click Set ,
Set	otherwise the software will not transmit this value to the machine.

3.4.2.3 Phase Sync of Acousto-Magnetic System

<u>Step 1</u> Select the corresponding phase channel and click **Refresh**.

The primary antenna will collect the ambient data and upload it for display. To facilitate system synchronization, select the channel with the best signal and least interference for debugging.



Figure 3-6 Channel selection

Step 2 Click Left, select the system phase as the starting point, move the mouse to the ambient data (other phases) as the end point, and the system will automatically calculate the phase difference.

The calculation is based on the falling edge, and the phase alignment is also based on the falling edge alignment.



Figure 3-7 Phase difference calculation





If you observe that the noise and signal displayed by the channel signal are the smallest, it means phase synchronization is completed.







3.4.2.4 Alarm Records

Param	eter Sync Record Random Mode				
No.	Record Num	Record Type	Record Time	Data	
1	DF	CH2 Alarm	2000-01-01 00:33:31	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 27	
2	DE	CH2 Alarm	2000-01-01 00:23:13	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 0A	
3	DD	CH2 Alarm	2000-01-01 00:22:53	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 30	
1	DC	CH2 Alarm	2000-01-01 00:22:14	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 08	
5	DB	CH2 Alarm	2000-01-01 00:21:11	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 03	
i l	DA	System Power on	2000-01-01 00:00:00	10 01 01 01 00 00 00 F3	
1	D9	CH2 Alarm	2000-01-01 01:23:42	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 23	
3	D8	CH1 Alarm	2000-01-01 01:23:42	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 21	
)	D7	CH2 Alarm	2000-01-01 01:23:23	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 0E	
0	D6	CH2 Alarm	2000-01-01 01:21:44	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 20	
1	DS	CH2 Alarm	2000-01-01 01:21:27	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 0E	
2	D4	CH1 Alarm	2000-01-01 01:21:27	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 0C	
3	D3	Hour Tick	2000-01-01 01:00:59	00 01 02 03 04 05 06 2E	
4	D2	System Power on	2000-01-01 00:00:00	10 01 01 01 00 00 00 EB	
5	D1	Setted New Parameter	2000-01-01 00:31:40	00 01 02 03 04 05 06 36	
6	D0	CH2 Alarm	2000-01-01 00:29:54	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 2B	
7	CF	CH1 Alarm	2000-01-01 00:29:50	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 25	
8	CE	CH1 Alarm	2000-01-01 00:29:32	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 12	
9	CD	CH1 Alarm	2000-01-01 00:29:16	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 01	
0	cc	CH2 Alarm	2000-01-01 00:29:12	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 FD	
1	CB	CH1 Alarm	2000-01-01 00:28:53	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 23	
2	CA	CH2 Alarm	2000-01-01 00:28:40	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 16	
3	C9	CH1 Alarm	2000-01-01 00:28:40	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 14	
4	C8	CH2 Alarm	2000-01-01 00:28:27	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 07	
5	C7	CH1 Alarm	2000-01-01 00:28:27	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 05	
6	C6	CH1 Alarm	2000-01-01 00:27:31	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 07	
7	CS	CH2 Alarm	2000-01-01 00:27:27	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 03	
8	C4	CH1 Alarm	2000-01-01 00:27:18	00 00 00 00 01 03 00 F8	

Figure 3-9 Alarm records view

Table 3-7 Alarm parameter description

Parameter	Description
Record Type	
CH1/CH2/CH3 Alarm	Corresponding to alarm record of the signal channel.
Hour Tick	After the system is powered on, this record will be automatically
	generated every hour.
System Power On	The system is powered on normally. If the system continuously
	displays this record, check whether the power supply is normal.
Settled New Parameter	This record will automatically appear when you change the
	relevant parameter settings.
Function Key	
Clear	Click Clear to clear the screen.
Query	Click Query to upload the antenna record data, and save the most
	recent 255 records at most.
Save	Click Save to save the record to a specified file.

3.4.2.5 Deployment Guidance of Acousto-Magnetic Antenna Products

Both ends of the Acousto-Magnetic antenna can detect tags and labels. Using this feature, we can flexibly arrange for different channel widths.



• Channel widths: About 1 m–2 m

Figure 3-10 One primary antenna



• Channel widths: About 2 m–4 m Figure 3-11 One primary and one replica antennas



• Channel widths: About 4 m–6 m

Figure 3-12 One primary and two replica antennas



Channel widths: About 6 m–8 m
 Figure 3-13 Two primary and two replica antennas





• Channel widths: About 8 m–10 m Egure 3-14 Two primary and three replica antennas

By analogy, one primary antenna can work with two replica antennas, and the primary antenna can also work alone, which can greatly meet the requirements of different channel widths.



Appendix 1 Cybersecurity Recommendations

Cybersecurity is more than just a buzzword: it's something that pertains to every device that is connected to the internet. IP video surveillance is not immune to cyber risks, but taking basic steps toward protecting and strengthening networks and networked appliances will make them less susceptible to attacks. Below are some tips and recommendations on how to create a more secured security system.

Mandatory actions to be taken for basic device network security:

1. Use Strong Passwords

Please refer to the following suggestions to set passwords:

- The length should not be less than 8 characters;
- Include at least two types of characters; character types include upper and lower case letters, numbers and symbols;
- Do not contain the account name or the account name in reverse order;
- Do not use continuous characters, such as 123, abc, etc.;
- Do not use overlapped characters, such as 111, aaa, etc.;
- 2. Update Firmware and Client Software in Time
 - According to the standard procedure in Tech-industry, we recommend to keep your device (such as NVR, DVR, IP camera, etc.) firmware up-to-date to ensure the system is equipped with the latest security patches and fixes. When the device is connected to the public network, it is recommended to enable the "auto-check for updates" function to obtain timely information of firmware updates released by the manufacturer.
 - We suggest that you download and use the latest version of client software.

"Nice to have" recommendations to improve your device network security:

1. Physical Protection

We suggest that you perform physical protection to device, especially storage devices. For example, place the device in a special computer room and cabinet, and implement well-done access control permission and key management to prevent unauthorized personnel from carrying out physical contacts such as damaging hardware, unauthorized connection of removable device (such as USB flash disk, serial port), etc.

2. Change Passwords Regularly

We suggest that you change passwords regularly to reduce the risk of being guessed or cracked.

3. Set and Update Passwords Reset Information Timely

The device supports password reset function. Please set up related information for password reset in time, including the end user's mailbox and password protection questions. If the information changes, please modify it in time. When setting password protection questions, it is suggested not to use those that can be easily guessed.

4. Enable Account Lock

The account lock feature is enabled by default, and we recommend you to keep it on to guarantee the account security. If an attacker attempts to log in with the wrong password several times, the corresponding account and the source IP address will be locked.

5. Change Default HTTP and Other Service Ports



We suggest you to change default HTTP and other service ports into any set of numbers between 1024~65535, reducing the risk of outsiders being able to guess which ports you are using.

6. Enable HTTPS

We suggest you to enable HTTPS, so that you visit Web service through a secure communication channel.

7. MAC Address Binding

We recommend you to bind the IP and MAC address of the gateway to the device, thus reducing the risk of ARP spoofing.

8. Assign Accounts and Privileges Reasonably

According to business and management requirements, reasonably add users and assign a minimum set of permissions to them.

9. Disable Unnecessary Services and Choose Secure Modes

If not needed, it is recommended to turn off some services such as SNMP, SMTP, UPnP, etc., to reduce risks.

If necessary, it is highly recommended that you use safe modes, including but not limited to the following services:

- SNMP: Choose SNMP v3, and set up strong encryption passwords and authentication passwords.
- SMTP: Choose TLS to access mailbox server.
- FTP: Choose SFTP, and set up strong passwords.
- AP hotspot: Choose WPA2-PSK encryption mode, and set up strong passwords.

10. Audio and Video Encrypted Transmission

If your audio and video data contents are very important or sensitive, we recommend that you use encrypted transmission function, to reduce the risk of audio and video data being stolen during transmission.

Reminder: encrypted transmission will cause some loss in transmission efficiency.

11. Secure Auditing

- Check online users: we suggest that you check online users regularly to see if the device is logged in without authorization.
- Check device log: By viewing the logs, you can know the IP addresses that were used to log in to your devices and their key operations.

12. Network Log

Due to the limited storage capacity of the device, the stored log is limited. If you need to save the log for a long time, it is recommended that you enable the network log function to ensure that the critical logs are synchronized to the network log server for tracing.

13. Construct a Safe Network Environment

To better ensure the safety of device and reduce potential cyber risks, we recommend:

- Disable the port mapping function of the router to avoid direct access to the intranet devices from external network.
- The network should be partitioned and isolated according to the actual network needs. If there are no communication requirements between two sub networks, it is suggested to use VLAN, network GAP and other technologies to partition the network, so as to achieve the network isolation effect.
- Establish the 802.1x access authentication system to reduce the risk of unauthorized access to private networks.



• Enable IP/MAC address filtering function to limit the range of hosts allowed to access the device.

ENABLING A SAFER SOCIETY AND SMARTER LIVING